IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) An intraluminal stent comprising:

a metallic reinforcing component; and

a biodegradable polymeric material covering at least a portion of the metallic reinforcing component;

the metallic reinforcing component providing structural reinforcement for the stent but being insufficient, in the absence of the biodegradable polymeric material, to provide a stent capable of maintaining patency of a lumen upon implantation of the stent into the lumen.

- 2. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 1, wherein the metallic reinforcing component comprises a biocompatible metal selected from the group consisting of stainless steel, titanium alloys, tantalum alloys, nickel alloys, cobalt alloys and precious metals.
- 3. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 2, wherein the biocompatible metal comprises a shape memory alloy.
- 4. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 3, wherein the shape memory alloy comprises a nickel-titanium alloy.
- 5. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 1, wherein the biodegradable polymeric material comprises a biocompatible biodegradable polymer selected from the group consisting of polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, polycaprolactone, polyorthoesters, and trimethylene carbonate polymers, as well as copolymers and mixtures thereof.
- 6. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 1, wherein the stent is selected from the group consisting of endovascular, biliary, tracheal, gastrointestinal, urethral, ureteral and esophageal stents.

- 7. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 6, wherein the stent is <u>selected</u> from the group consisting of a balloon-expandable <u>stent and a or-self-expandable stent</u>.
- 8. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 6, wherein the <u>stent is an</u> endovascular stent is a coronary stent.
- 9. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 1, wherein the metallic reinforcing component comprises a plurality of apertures.
- 10. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 9, wherein the metallic reinforcing component is selected from the group consisting of an open-mesh network comprising one or more knitted, woven or braided metallic filaments; an interconnected network of articulable segments; a coiled or helical structure comprising one or more metallic filaments; and, a patterned tubular metallic sheet.
- 11. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 10 claim 9, wherein the metallic reinforcing component is selected from the group consisting of an open-mesh network comprising one or more knitted, woven or braided metallic filaments and a coiled or helical structure comprising one or more metallic filaments, and wherein said metallic filaments comprise two or more different metals.
- 12. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 9, wherein the metallic reinforcing component is a patterned tubular metallic sheet and wherein the patterned tubular metallic sheet is formed by laser cutting or chemical etching of a metallic sheet.
- 13. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 9, wherein the biodegradable polymeric material covering at least a portion of the metallic reinforcing component comprises a biodegradable polymeric material coating layer.

- 14. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 13, wherein said biodegradable polymeric material coating layer comprises one or more therapeutic agents, one or more and/or-diagnostic agents, or a combination of one or more therapeutic agents and one or more diagnostic agents.
- 15. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 9, wherein the biodegradable polymeric material covering at least a portion of the metallic reinforcing component comprises two or more biodegradable polymeric material coating layers.
- 16. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 15, wherein one or more of the biodegradable polymeric material coating layers comprise one or more therapeutic agents, one or more and/or diagnostic agents, or a combination of one or more therapeutic agents and one or more diagnostic agents.
- 17. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 16, wherein different therapeutic agents or <u>different</u> combinations of therapeutic agents are present in two of or more of said biodegradable polymeric material coating layers.
- 18. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 15, wherein at least two of said biodegradable polymeric material coating layers have different rates of biodegradation.
- 19. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 16, wherein at least two of said biodegradable polymeric material coating layers comprise a therapeutic agent and have different rates of release of the therapeutic agent therefrom.
- 20. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 9, wherein the metallic reinforcing component and biodegradable polymeric material are provided within a laminated structure.

- 21. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 20, wherein the metallic reinforcing component is disposed between two or more layers of the biodegradable polymeric material.
- 22. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 21, wherein the two or more layers comprise different biodegradable polymeric materials.
- 23. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 21, wherein at least one of said two or more layers comprises one or more therapeutic agents, one or more and/or diagnostic agents, or a combination of one or more therapeutic agents and one or more diagnostic agents.
- 24. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 23, wherein different therapeutic agents or <u>different</u> combinations of therapeutic agents are present in two or more of said layers.
- 25. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim 21, wherein at least two of said layers have different rates of biodegradation.
- 26. (Currently amended) The intraluminal stent of claim 23, wherein at least two of said layers comprise a therapeutic agent and have different rates of release of the therapeutic agent therefrom.
- 27. (Original) The intraluminal stent of claim1, wherein a surface of the metallic reinforcing component is passivated to enhance its biocompatibility.